event are determined independently. For example, any event reportable under more than one section will be exempt from reporting only if it satisfies the requirements for a waiver under each section.

- (b) *Multiemployer plans.* The requirements of section 4043 of ERISA are waived with respect to multiemployer plans.
- (c) Terminating plans. No notice is required from the plan administrator or contributing sponsor of a plan if the notice date is on or after the date on which—
- (1) All of the plan's assets (other than any excess assets) are distributed pursuant to a termination; or
- (2) A trustee is appointed for the plan under section 4042(c) of ERISA.
- (d) Other waivers and extensions. The PBGC may extend any deadline or waive any other requirement under this part where it finds convincing evidence that the waiver or extension is appropriate under the circumstances. Any waiver or extension may be subject to conditions. A request for a waiver or extension must be filed in writing with the PBGC and must state the facts and circumstances on which the request is based.

§ 4043.5 How and where to file.

Requests and information shall be filed in accordance with the instructions to the applicable PBGC reporting form.

§ 4043.6 Date of filing.

- (a) Post-event notice. Information filed under subpart B of this part is considered filed— $\,$
- (1) On the date of the United States postmark stamped on the cover in which the information is mailed, if— $\,$
- (i) The postmark was made by the United States Postal Service; and
- (ii) The document was mailed postage prepaid, properly addressed to the PBGC:
- (2) On the date it is deposited for delivery to the PBGC with a commercial delivery service, provided it is received by the PBGC within two regular business days; or
- (3) Except as provided in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2), on the date it is received by the PBGC.

- (b) Advance notice and Form 200 filings. Information filed under subpart C or D of this part is considered filed on the date it is received by PBGC.
- (c) *Electronic filing.* A reportable event notice or Form 200 will be deemed timely filed if—
- (1) An electronic transmission containing at least the minimum initial information (as specified in the instruction to the applicable form) is filed on or before the notice date; and
- (2) The remaining initial information is received by the PBGC on or before—
- (i) The first regular business day following the notice date, in the case of advance notice or a Form 200; or
- (ii) The second regular business day following the notice date, in the case of post-event notice.
- (d) Receipt date. Information received on a weekend or Federal holiday or after 5:00 p.m. on a weekday is considered filed on the next regular business day.

§ 4043.7 Computation of time.

In computing any period of time, the day of the event from which the period of time begins to run shall not be included. The last day so computed shall be included, unless it is a weekend or Federal holiday, in which case the period runs until the end of the next regular business day.

§ 4043.8 Confidentiality.

In accordance with section 4043(f) of ERISA and §4901.21(a)(3) of this chapter, any information or documentary material that is not publicly available and is submitted to the PBGC pursuant to this part shall not be made public, except as may be relevant to any administrative or judicial action or proceeding or for disclosures to either body of Congress or to any duly authorized committee or subcommittee of the Congress.

Subpart B—Post-Event Notice of Reportable Events

§4043.20 Post-Event filing obligation.

The plan administrator and each contributing sponsor of a plan for which a reportable event under this subpart has occurred are required to notify the PBGC within 30 days after that person

§ 4043.21

knows or has reason to know that the reportable event has occurred, unless a waiver or extension applies. If there is a change in plan administrator or contributing sponsor, the reporting obligation applies to the person who is the plan administrator or contributing sponsor of the plan on the 30th day after the reportable event occurs.

§ 4043.21 Tax disqualification and title I noncompliance.

- (a) Reportable event. A reportable event occurs when the Secretary of the Treasury issues notice that a plan has ceased to be a plan described in section 4021(a)(2) of ERISA, or when the Secretary of Labor determines that a plan is not in compliance with title I of ERISA.
- (b) Waivers. Notice is waived for this event.

§ 4043.22 Amendment decreasing benefits payable.

- (a) Reportable event. A reportable event occurs when an amendment to a plan is adopted under which the retirement benefit payable from employer contributions with respect to any participant may be decreased.
- (b) Waivers. Notice is waived for this event.

§ 4043.23 Active participant reduction.

- (a) Reportable event. A reportable event occurs when the number of active participants under a plan is reduced to less than 80 percent of the number of active participants at the beginning of the plan year, or to less than 75 percent of the number of active participants at the beginning of the previous plan year.
- (b) *Initial information required.* In addition to the information in §4043.3(b), the notice shall include—
- (1) A statement explaining the cause of the reduction (e.g., facility shutdown or sale); and
- (2) The number of active participants at the date the reportable event occurs, at the beginning of the plan year, and at the beginning of the prior plan year.
- (c) Waivers—(1) Small plan. Notice is waived if the plan has fewer than 100 participants at the beginning of either the current or the previous plan year.
 - (2) Plan funding. Notice is waived if—

- (i) *No variable rate premium.* No variable rate premium is required to be paid for the plan for the event year;
- (ii) \$1 million unfunded vested benefits. As of the testing date for the event year, the plan has less than \$1 million in unfunded vested benefits; or
- (iii) No unfunded vested benefits. As of the testing date for the event year, the plan would have no unfunded vested benefits if unfunded vested benefits were determined in accordance with the assumptions and methodology in §4010.4(b)(2) of this chapter.
- (3) No facility closing event/80-percent funded. Notice is waived if—
- (i) The active participant reduction would not be reportable if only those active participant reductions resulting from cessation of operations at one or more facilities were taken into account; and
- (ii) As of the testing date for the event year, the fair market value of the plan's assets is at least 80 percent of the plan's vested benefits amount.
- (d) *Extensions*. The notice date is extended to the latest of—
- (1) Form 1 extension. 30 days after the plan's variable rate premium filing due date for the event year if a waiver under any of paragraphs (c)(2)(i) through (c)(2)(iii) or (c)(3) of this section would apply if "the plan year preceding the event year" were substituted for "the event year";
- (2) Form 5500 extension. 30 days after the plan's Form 5500 due date that next follows the date the reportable event occurs, provided the event would not be reportable counting only those participant reductions resulting from cessation of operations at a single facility; and
- (3) Form 1-ES extension. The due date for the Form 1-ES for the plan year following the event year if—
- (i) The plan is required to file a Form 1-ES for the plan year following the event year;
- (ii) The event would not be reportable counting only those participant reductions resulting from cessation of operations at a single facility; and
- (iii) The participant reduction represents no more than 20 percent of the total active participants (at the beginning of the plan year(s) in which the